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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/086,628	03/04/2002	Hideomi Suzawa	0756-2450 6937	
31780	7590 10/20/2004		EXAMINER	
ERIC ROBIN PMB 955	ISON		WILLE, DOUGLAS A	
21010 SOUTH	IBANK ST.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
POTOMAC FALLS, VA 20165			2814	
			DATE MAILED: 10/20/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Ali-adiam Na	A			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commence	10/086,628	SUZAWA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Douglas A Wille	2814			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 A	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 August 2004</u> .				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.				
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4)  Claim(s) 8-28 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 8-28 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)	_				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>0302</u>.</li> </ol>		atent Application (PTO-152)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 8, 9, 19, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Na et al. in view of Ono et al.
- Na et al. shows the formation of a TFT (see Figure 5D and column 4, line 16 et seq.) with a gate electrode 12, and insulating layer 14, an undoped Si layer 16, a doped Si layer 44 and a conducting layer 451, a metal layer 471 and the stack is etched to form the structure shown. Although the structure is intended for a display, the transparent pixel electrode is not shown and a taper is not shown. Ono et al. show the formation of a TFT with the addition of a transparent pixel electrode (see cover Figure and column 7, line 65 et seq.) and show the etching of the transparent electrode down to the undoped Si layer (Figure 16). Ono et al. also show that it preferable to form the undoped Si layer with a taper (column 14, line 49) to prevent breakage (column 15, line 6). It would have been obvious to provide the transparent electrode as shown by Ono et al. since it is required for an operational device and to include the taper to make a more reliable device.
- 4. Claims 10 12, 16 –18, 21 26 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Na et al. in view of Ono et al. and further in view of Williams et al.

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- 5. Na et al. does not provide etching details and while Ono et al. provide some details of etching, Williams et al. show that for etching materials such as metals, insulators and Si (column 6, line 36) it would be possible to use etchants using CF<sub>4</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, SF<sub>6</sub> and Cl<sub>2</sub> or mixtures thereof (column 7, line 4). It would have been obvious to use any of the etchants shown by Williams since they are known to be functional.
- 6. Claims 13 15 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Na et al. in view of Ono et al. and Williams et al.
- With respect to claim 13, Na et al. shows the formation of a TFT (see Figure 5D and 7. column 4, line 16 et seq.) with a gate electrode 12, and insulating layer 14, an undoped Si layer 16, a doped Si layer 44 and a conducting layer 451, a metal layer 471 and the stack is etched to form the structure shown. Na et al. show that the conductor can be Al (column 4, line 53). Although the structure is intended for a display, the transparent pixel electrode is not shown and a taper is not shown. One et al. show the formation of a TFT with the addition of a transparent pixel electrode (see cover Figure and column 7, line 65 et seq.) and show the etching of the transparent electrode down to the undoped Si layer (Figure 16). Ono et al. also show that it preferable to form the undoped Si layer with a taper (column 14, line 49) to prevent breakage (column 15, line 6). It would have been obvious to provide the transparent electrode as shown by Ono et al. since it is required for an operational device and to include the taper to make a more reliable device. Na et al. does not provide etching details and while Ono et al. provide some details of etching, Williams et al. show that for etching materials such as metals, insulators and Si (column 6, line 36) it would be possible to use etchants using CF<sub>4</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, SF<sub>6</sub> and Cl<sub>2</sub> or mixtures thereof (column 7, line 4). It would have been obvious to use any of the etchants shown by

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Williams since they are known to be functional. Note that Na et al. shows the use of Al and Ono et al. shows the use of Cr, Ti, Ta or W (column 9, line 42) and it would be obvious to use any of the metallic conductors interchangeably.

- 8. With respect to claim 27, Williams et al. show that for etching materials such as metals, insulators and Si (column 6, line 36) it would be possible to use etchants using CF<sub>4</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, SF<sub>6</sub> and Cl<sub>2</sub> or mixtures thereof (column 7, line 4).
- 9. With respect to claims 14 and 15, Na et al. show the metal layer 471 is Al (column 3, line 60) and Ono et al. show the metal layer d1 as being W or Ta (column 9, line 42). It would have been obvious to use the other metals as a design choice.

#### Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed 7/28/04 are addressed to the amended claims which are considered above.

### Information Disclosure Statement

1. Applicant's IDS dated 8 January 2004 will not be considered since it represents a burden.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Douglas A Wille whose telephone number is (571) 272-1721. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (6:15-2:45).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (571) 272-1705. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications and (703) 872-9306 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Douglas A. Wille Primary Examiner

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